1. Statement of Compliance with Corporate Governance Principles:

During the operating period ended 31 December 2012, VİKİNG KAĞIT VE SELÜLOZ A.Ş. ("the Company") achieved compliance with the entirety of the mandatory articles of the Corporate Governance Principles appended to the "Communiqué Serial: IV No: 56 on the Determination and Implementation of Corporate Governance Principles" issued by the Capital Markets Board of Turkey (CMB). While it is intended to achieve full compliance also with the optional Corporate Governance Principles, that is yet to be attained for a number of reasons including the difficulties faced in practice in some of the principles, and only partial correspondence of some principles with the existing structure of the market and the company. While work is ongoing on principles that are not enforced yet, they are planned to be put into implementation following the completion of administrative, legal and technical infrastructural work that will contribute to the effective management of our company.

Justifications related to matters not yet implemented are presented under the following headings, and it is considered that the said matters do not lead to any conflicts of interest under the current circumstances.

Key highlight of the efforts in relation to Corporate Governance during 2012 was the work on achieving compliance with the CMB Communiqué Serial: IV No: 56 that covers the new requirements for corporate governance principles. At our Ordinary General Assembly Meeting held during 2012, all alterations set out by the communiqué were made to the company's articles of incorporation. The process of identifying and publicly disclosing the nominees for independent board directors has been carried out and elections were made in accordance with the requirements. The remuneration policy for the Board of Directors and Senior Executives has been formulated and presented for the information of shareholders at the General Assembly Meeting. The General Assembly Information Document that was prepared made available all information that is mandatory to be disclosed as per the principles to the shareholders three weeks in advance of the General Assembly Meeting. The company's website and annual report have been reviewed and revised as necessary to ensure their full compliance with the principles.

Our company will continue to monitor the changes in legislation and implementations regarding compliance with the principles and to carry out the necessary work also in the future.

PART I: SHAREHOLDERS

2. Investor Relations Department

The duties (1) of managing the exercise of shareholders' rights and maintaining communication between shareholders and the Board of Directors and (2) of conducting procedures pertaining thereto in compliance with CMB corporate governance principles are fulfilled by the Office of the Capital Markets Coordinator.

Information about the Shareholder Relations Unit is provided below.

Capital Markets Coordinator: Senem Demirkan

Investor Relations Specialist: Gökhan Kavur

- Tel : (232) 482 2200
- Fax : (232) 489 1562
- Email : investorrelations@viking.com.tr

Capital Markets Coordinator Senem Demirkan is in possession of all certifications issued by CMB and is also responsible for coordinating matters involved (1) in the fulfillment of company obligations arising from capital markets laws and regulations and (2) in corporate governance practices. Investor Relations Specialist Gökhan Kavur holds a Capital Market Activities Advanced Level License.

- The duties of the Investor Relations Department are listed below:
- Ensure that records pertaining to shareholders are maintained in a reliable, secure, and up-to-date manner.
- Respond to shareholders' written requests for all information about the company except that which has not been publicly disclosed or is confidential and/or in the nature of a trade secret.
- Ensure that General Assembly meetings are conducted in accordance with the requirements of current laws and regulations and of the company's articles of incorporation and other bylaws.
- Communicate with other units of the company and ensure that documents which shareholders may find useful at General Assembly meetings are prepared.

- Ensure that records are kept of the results of voting at General Assembly meetings.
- Supervise all issues related to public disclosures as required by law and the company's public disclosure policy.
- Ensure that investor relations activities are properly conducted.

Having obtained the views of other units when necessary and in coordination with such units, the Shareholder Relations Department is responsible for providing shareholders and potential investors with information about the company's activities, financial standing, and strategies, with the stipulations that it may not divulge any information which is confidential and/or in the nature of a trade secret and that it must not do so in any way that might lead to information asymmetry and for managing communication moving on both directions between shareholders and company managers.

During the reporting period, the unit responded to more than 50 questions by telephone or email. In addition, two analysts' meetings have been organized, which was open to participation of all analysts; addressing the Company's activities and financial results in the 12-month period of 2011 and the 6-month period of 2012; one of these two meetings was in webcast format. "Investor Presentations" drawn up in Turkish and English languages concerning the company's periodic results were published on the company's website. The website and investor presentations have been updated regularly to make sure that up-to-date information is made available to the investors at all times. Maximum attention is paid to achieving compliance with the legislation in fulfilling investor requests

3. Shareholders' exercise of their right to obtain information

The fundamental principle in shareholders exercising their right to obtain information is that there should be no discrimination among shareholders. All information and documents that shareholders may need to exercise their shareholders' rights in a sound manner are made equally available to all shareholders on the company's corporate website. During 2012, utmost care was paid, under the supervision of the Investor Relations Department, to respond to requests for information received from shareholders within the framework of the requirements of capital market laws and regulations and without delay.

Such requests for information are generally about such issues as General Assembly meeting dates, information on financial statements that are disclosed, developments in the sector and profit distribution. All requests for information, except in the case of information that was in the nature of a trade secret and information that it was deemed to be in the company's interest to keep confidential, were responded to without making any distinctions among shareholders and in line with any statements that may previously have been made within the framework of capital market laws and regulations. Information and disclosures that might affect the exercise of shareholders' rights are announced in the "Investor Relations" section on the company website, and there have been no information or disclosures during the reporting period, other than those disclosed under the Capital Market legislation. While the request to have a special auditor appointed is not an individual right provided for under the company's articles of incorporation, no such request was received during 2012.

4. General Assembly Meetings:

The 2011 annual General Assembly meeting took place on 8 May 2012. At ordinary and extraordinary General Assembly meetings, shareholders or their proxies representing at least a simple majority of the company's capital must be present and decisions must be passed by a simple majority of those present at the meeting. If the required meeting quorum does not exist, a second meeting is held at which decisions are taken according to the quorum and majority requirements stipulated by the Turkish Commercial Code. At the 2011 annual General Assembly meeting, 64.88% of the company's capital was represented. During the meeting, no attending shareholders or their proxies advanced any motions and all questions that were raised were responded to by the Presiding Committee. Shareholders did not propose any agenda items during the said General Assembly meeting, either.

No stakeholders other than the shareholders or media representatives attended the meeting. Invitations to the meetings were made by the Board of Directors. In addition to shareholders, representatives of the independent auditors were also sent written invitations to attend the meetings.

The company's General Assembly meeting announcements were published in the Turkish Trade Registry Gazette twenty-one days (not including the announcement and meeting dates) prior to the meeting date under the provisions of Article 368 of the TCC and as per "Article 18 - Announcement" of the articles of incorporation. The announcement was also published on the corporate website and in a local newspaper. Shareholders whose addresses were on record with the company were sent letters in which they were informed about the meeting date, location, and agenda. Prior to the General Assembly meetings, the meeting date, place and agenda, the profit distribution proposal that the Board of Directors intends to submit to General Assembly as well as the identity of independent auditors selected by the Board of Directors are publicly disclosed in material disclosures.

The company's annual report is made available to shareholders at the company's headquarters and on its corporate website as of twenty-one days before a meeting date. During General Assembly meetings, issues on the agenda are explained impartially and in detail so as to be clear and intelligible. Shareholders are given equal opportunities to express their thoughts and to ask questions and a healthy climate of debate is created.

Minutes of General Assembly meetings are kept available for shareholders at all times at the company headquarters. In addition, the minutes of the company's General Assembly meetings for the past seven years are also accessible in the Investor Relations section of the company website at www.viking.com.tr.

At the company's General Assembly meetings, information is presented to the shareholders on the amount and recipients of the donations and grants made during the reporting period, and the changes in the relevant policy. This matter is addressed as a separate agenda item.

5. Voting Rights and Minority Rights:

There are no privileges affecting the voting rights. The company's articles of incorporation contain no provisions preventing nonshareholders to vote by proxy as an appointed representative. Without prejudice to the provisions of the relevant legislation and articles of incorporation, voting is conducted through open ballot and by raising hands during the General Assembly meeting. Upon request by shareholders, the voting procedure will be determined by the General Assembly. There are no other companies in which the company has a cross-ownership. Minority rights are not represented on the Board of Directors.

6. Entitlement to Dividends:

Shareholders of preferred stock do not have any privileges applicable to dividends. The company's general policy with respect to dividends is to distribute its net profit having taken into account the company's financial position, investments that are to be made and other funding requirements, the sector's current circumstances, the economic environment, and the requirements of capital market and tax laws and regulations. However the actual amounts of profit to be distributed are determined every year taking all of the issues cited above into consideration. The company has formulated a Dividend Policy in line with the CMB's resolution of 27 January 2006 and it has publicly disclosed this policy by announcing it at a General Assembly meeting. Our dividend distribution policy is publicly disclosed also via our website. The dividend distribution policy has also been incorporated in the company's annual report.

No dividends were paid in 2012 as the company did not post a profit in 2011.

7. Transfer of shares

Transfer of shares is subject to the relevant provision of the TCC.

PART II: PUBLIC DISCLOSURES AND TRANSPARENCY

8. Company disclosure policy

In all matters pertaining to its public disclosures, the company complies with the requirements of the Capital Markets legislation and of Borsa İstanbul regulations.

The "Disclosure Policy" prepared for the purpose of keeping the public informed, which is approved by the Board of Directors and which was presented for the information of shareholders at the 2008 annual General Assembly meeting, is publicly disclosed on the company's corporate website (www.viking.com.tr). The Disclosure Policy was updated and presented for the information of shareholders at the 2011 General Assembly meeting. The Board of Directors has both the authority and the responsibility for formulating, supervising, reviewing, developing and executing the company's disclosure policy. The Corporate Governance Committee and the Investor Relations Department provide information and make recommendations to the Board of Directors concerning the company's disclosure policy.

The chairperson of the Board of Directors and the general manager as well as other officers whom the board or the general manager deem to be appropriate may make public statements to the written and visual media and to data distributors. Questions which those involved in capital markets ask the company are responded to in writing or verbally by the Investor Relations Department.

Principles governing the disclosure of forward-looking information are defined in the company's disclosure policy. In this framework, the company is required to disclose its targets for the relevant year in the financial presentations where the company's annual and interim financial results are evaluated. In case of any changes in the underlying assumptions, the targets in these presentations are also revised and the presentations incorporating these alterations are publicly disclosed via a material event disclosure.

9. The Company's Corporate Website and its Content:

The company's corporate website (www.viking.com.tr) contains all the matters as required by Corporate Governance Principles. The company's website is available in both Turkish and English. The company continuously improves and upgrades the services provided by its website, which is actively used.

10. Annual Report:

The company's annual reports contain all the information specified in the Corporate Governance Principles; however, remuneration of the board of directors and senior executives and other benefits provided to them are disclosed not on an individual basis, but as a cumulative amount.

PART III: STAKEHOLDERS

11. Disclosure to Stakeholders:

Stakeholders are kept informed about all matters concerning the company other than those which are in the nature of a trade secret through CMB material disclosures within the framework of CMB regulations, Turkish Commercial Code, Competition Law, tax laws, and Turkish Code of Obligations.

Stakeholders are able to convey any transaction they consider to be illegitimate or unethical to the Corporate Governance Committee or the Audit Committee via Yaşar Group Ethics Committee. The Audit Committee reviews the complains received regarding the company's accounting and internal control system and independent audit, and handles the notifications of company employees in relation to the company's accounting and independent audit, observing the confidentiality principle.

Furthermore, the communication mechanism is established with the Corporate Governance Committee and the Audit Committee also via the processes that provide stakeholder participation in management as discussed under Article 12 hereinbelow.

12. Stakeholder Participation in Management:

Stakeholder involvement in management is achieved through evaluation of their proposals and suggestions for improvement in any matter that concerns the company's activities submitted at the general assembly meetings and via various communication channels by the related units.

In a bid to ensure customer satisfaction with the services rendered by our company, job descriptions have been formulated for all our employees and relevant guidelines have been prepared and presented for the information of employees. The company employees are informed about the company's current circumstances in the meetings held. In addition, semiannual management review meetings are also held in which the company's team leaders, engineers, and key personnel take part. In other situations when it is necessary to provide additional information, announcements are made by means of employee bulletin boards set up within the company. Meetings are also held with customers and suppliers at which information is provided concerning material disclosures made about the company.

Employee opinion surveys serve to gather the employees' views about changes in implementations which will be made in relation to working conditions, working environment, and rights provided to employees. The action committee formed of employee representatives carries out its activities during the year for conducting the improvement works in relation to the said processes.

13. Human Resources Policy:

The fundamental mission of the company's human resources policy is to ensure the management of human resources who are innovative, who are committed to the principle of total quality, and who contribute towards the company's competitive advantage by easily adapting to change and development at the company.

The basic human resources policies of Viking Kağıt are clearly described in the company's Personnel Regulations, which are issued to all employees against their individual signature. In addition to basic policies, these regulations also contain information about working hours, hiring principles and processes, termination, and discipline. Job descriptions are posted on the company portal. The Performance Regulation, which describes the performance system, is revised periodically and as necessary, upon which the personnel is informed of the relevant revisions.

Basic human resources policies

a) Staffing at the company is determined according to the criteria of business economics. All employees agree that honorable employment is only possible through productive work.

b) The company conducts intramural and extramural training programs within the framework of plans that are devised for each level in order to ensure the progression of its employees.

c) The company is mindful of equality of opportunity in all promotions and appointments throughout its organization. As a matter of principle, appointments are made from among the company's own personnel.

d) By means of a career planning system in which progression plans are implemented, employees who have potential are provided with the broadest possible opportunities for advancement.

e) Employees' performance is evaluated on the basis of their fulfillment of targets and their competencies.

f) Job descriptions and performance standards are documented for positions at every level from the highest to the lowest and these serve as the basis for employee evaluations.

g) Employee opinion surveys are conducted regularly every year, at which time employees are asked for their views about such issues as working conditions, management, compensation, training, performance evaluation, career planning, participatory management, and company satisfaction. Improvements are made in line with the feedback that is received in this way.

h) A safe workplace and safe working conditions are a matter to which the company gives great importance. Under the company's occupational health and safety regulations, all legally mandated measures are taken to prevent occupational risks, ensure health and safety, and eliminate risk and accident factors. An ongoing effort to make improvements is carried out through regularly conducted safety meetings.

i) Our management style is ".... [to] maintain our existence as a company that acts fully respectful of the laws and ethical rules, and embrace total quality philosophy and participatory management".

j) An essential principle at the company is that all employees will be treated equally and without making any discrimination among them with respect to language, race, color, sex, political beliefs or philosophy, creed, religion, sect, or similar reasons. Due measures have been taken to protect this fundamental constitutional right of employees.

There are no union stewards at the company.

All employees are kept informed about company procedures, organizational changes, changes in rights and benefits, and other practices and decisions that may affect them by means of regulations and announcements prepared within the framework of the company's prescribed announcement regulations as well as via the company intranet and bulletin boards.

Neither the company management nor its human resources department has ever received any complaint from employees about discrimination.

14. Rules of Ethics and Social Responsibility:

In order to fulfill its responsibilities related to public health and the nature, Viking Kağıt has made it a principle to continually oversee and improve its environmental performance, while integrating with its manufacturers, suppliers and employees in the conduct of its production activities.

In 2012, scholarships for six students were provided through the Yaşar Education and Culture Foundation, and professionalcapacity traineeship positions were provided for 28 high school and university students. Tissue papers have been donated to a special school and to a primary school in Aliağa. Factory field trips were organized for primary and middle school pupils during which participants were given information about tissue paper use and recycling.

The company conducts its activities within the framework of values which are adhered to by the Yaşar Group companies and whose approach to the production of goods and services involves compliance with laws and the rules of ethics, concerns itself with national problems without becoming involved in politics, and values the environment and nature. These values are known to all company employees. In addition, within the framework of its corporate governance approach, work is underway for the formulation of the company's own rules of ethics. There are no rules of ethics of the Company which are publicly disclosed.

PART IV: BOARD OF DIRECTORS

15. Structure and Formation of the Board of Directors:

Members of the Company's Board of Directors are identified below:

Name	Position	Independent Director or Not	Executive Director or Not	Term of Office
İdil Yiğitbaşı	Chairperson	Non-independent Board Director	Non-executive	1 year
Yılmaz Gökoğlu	Deputy Chairperson	Non-independent Board Director	Non-executive	1 year
Mehmet Aktaş	Director	Non-independent Board Director	Non-executive	1 year
Hakkı Hikmet Altan	Director	Non-independent Board Director	Non-executive	1 year
Levent Rıza Dağhan	Director	Non-independent Board Director	Non-executive	1 year
Mehmet Kahya	Director	Independent Board Director	Non-executive	1 year
Mehmet Öğütçü	Director	Independent Board Director	Non-executive	1 year

Mesut Sezer serves as the company's General Manager. The engagement of company directors in the activities set forth in Articles 395 and 396 of the Turkish Commercial Code is subject to the approval of the General Assembly of shareholders. With the exception of those activities, there are no other limitations imposed on what Board directors may do. Résumés of the Board directors are published in the company's annual report and corporate website. In accordance with the Capital Market legislation, independent Board directors have submitted their declarations of independence to the Corporate Governance Committee that acts as the Nomination Committee.

Two independent director candidates were presented for 2012 to the Corporate Governance Committee that acts as the Nomination Committee. The declarations of independence and résumés of these individuals have been discussed in the Corporate Governance Committee meeting of 15 April 2012 and the Board of Directors meeting of 16 April 2012, and it has been decided to nominate all of them as independent directors. No situations arose that prejudiced independence as at 2012 operating period.

16. Operating Principles of the Board of Directors:

The operating principles of the Board of Directors are spelled out as follows in Article 10 of the company's articles of incorporation:

"The Board of Directors shall convene as the company's affairs may require. However, the Board must meet at least monthly."

Details about the Board of Directors' operating principles and its activities during the 2012 reporting period are given below.

The agenda for the Board of Directors meetings are set by the Chairperson of the Board, in consultation with the other Board directors and the General Manager.

During the reporting period, the Board of Directors convened thirty-nine times. The Board of Directors shall convene upon a summons in the form of a written request made by its chairperson or by any director. The meeting agenda is sent out to the directors by registered airmail at least two weeks in advance of the meeting date. All directors are usually present at meetings. There were no unresolved disputes over issues during the 2012 reporting period. The questions raised during the meetings are not entered into record. No board directors have preferential voting or veto rights. There have been no related party transactions or material transactions that have been submitted for the approval of independent Board directors during the operating period. Board of Directors meetings are convened with a majority of the full membership, and decisions are passed by a simple majority of those present in the meeting.

17. Number, Structure and Independence of the Committees Established by the Board of Directors:

The Audit Committee and the Corporate Governance Committee have been set up at the company. The Corporate Governance Committee fulfills the duties of the Nomination Committee, Early Detection of Risk Committee and the Remuneration Committee. When performing their activities, the committees under the Board of Directors adhere to the operating principles that are posted also on the company website.

The Audit Committee is headed by Mehmet Kahya and its other member is Mehmet Öğütçü. Both members are non-executive and independent Board directors. The Audit Committee meets at least on a quarterly basis and holds at least four meetings in one year. Within the scope of the Committee's activities, information has been obtained on operations and internal control systems from company executives and findings related to the audit from independent auditors. The Audit Committee is responsible for the company's bookkeeping system, for the public disclosure of financial information, and for supervising the operation and

effectiveness of independent auditing and of the internal control system; for selecting the independent auditors, initiating the independent auditors' activities; for reporting to the Board of Directors about the authenticity and veracity of publicly disclosed yearly and intermediary financial statements.

The Corporate Governance Committee is headed by Mehmet Kahya, who is a non-executive and independent Board director, and its other member is Levent Riza Dağhan, a non-executive Board director. The Corporate Governance Committee meets at least on a quarterly basis and holds at least four meetings in one year. The Corporate Governance Committee is responsible for identifying whether or not corporate governance principles are being complied with at the company as well as for identifying any problems arising from less than full compliance with those principles; for making recommendations to the Board of Directors on taking measures to achieve improvements; and for coordinating activities pertaining to relations with shareholders

Within the scope of the duties of the Nomination Committee, the Corporate Governance Committee works to create a transparent system to deal with the matters of identifying, evaluating, training, and rewarding candidates suitable for board membership and to establish policies and strategies applicable to that system. In addition, the Committee evaluates the nominations for independent Board membership including the management and shareholders, taking into consideration whether the candidate bears the independence criteria or not, and reports its relevant assessment to the Board of Directors for approval.

Within the scope of the duties of the Early Detection of Risk Committee, the Corporate Governance Committee performs activities to early detect the risks that may endanger the existence, development and continuity of the company, to implement the necessary measures for the risks identified, and to manage the risk.

Within the scope of the duties of the Remuneration Committee, the Corporate Governance Committee formulates its proposals regarding the principles for compensating the Board directors and senior executives, in view of the long-term goals of the company.

According to the Corporate Governance Principles, both members of the Audit Committee and the head of the Audit Committee must be independent Board directors. Since there are two independent members on the company's Board of Directors, the same member may serve on more than one committee under the Board of Directors.

18. Risk Management and Internal Control Mechanism:

The Board of Directors essentially supervises risk management and internal control activities through the Corporate Governance Committee that has undertaken the duties of the Early Detection of Risk Committee. In its fulfillment of these functions, the Corporate Governance Committee makes use of the findings of the bodies performing certification under the Group Audit and Risk Management Coordinator, independent audit and certified accountancy.

19. Strategic Goals of the Company:

The Board of Directors sets the Corporate Strategy and Goals in line with the company's vision and growth and profitability expectations. The principles that will steer these strategies are determined by the senior management and the extent at which the goals are achieved are assessed in the monthly meetings, along with the activities and past performance.

20. Financial Rights:

The rights provided to the Board directors are decided at the General Assembly meetings and are publicly disclosed through the minutes of the meetings issued. The Remuneration Policy that describes the remuneration system and implementations for the company's Board directors and senior executives is available on the company website. The company's annual reports do not present the rights provided to senior executives on an individual basis, but state a cumulative amount. The company does not lend money, extend credit, or make available loans under the name personal loans via a third party to any of its directors or executives, nor does it provide guarantee in their favor.